### Single-cell RNA-seq analysis

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BaRC Hot Topics – March, 29<sup>th</sup> 2022 Bioinformatics and Research Computing Whitehead Institute



http://barc.wi.mit.edu/hot\_topics/



#### **Outline**

- Overview of scRNA-seq technology, cell barcoding, UMIs
- Experimental design
- Typical analysis pipeline
  - Preprocessing and quality control
  - Normalization
  - Dimensionality reduction
  - Clustering of cells
  - Differential expression

Integrated fluidic

- Trajectory inference
- Integrating datasets
- Multimodal analysis

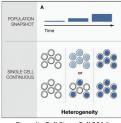




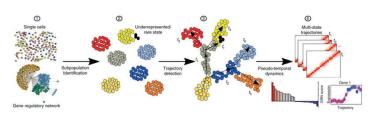
#### Why do single cell RNA-seq?

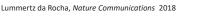
Access to expression profiles of individual cells allows us to:

- · Learn about cellular heterogeneity
- Discover new cell populations
- Order cells within a developmental trajectory



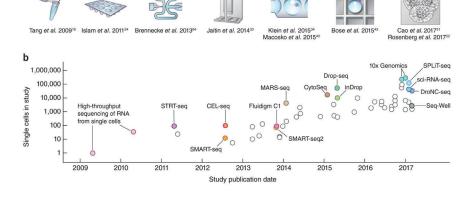
Etzrodt, Cell Stem Cell 2014







## **Exponential scaling of single-cell RNA-seq in the past decade**



Liquid-handling

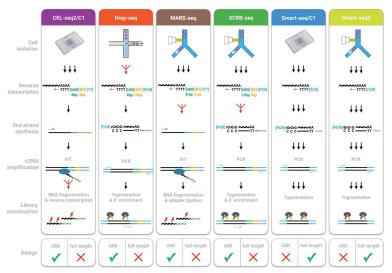






In situ barcodino

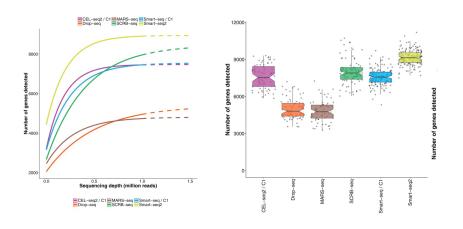
#### **Library preparation steps**



Comparative Analysis of Single-Cell RNA Sequencing Methods Ziegenhain et. al, Molecular Cell Volume 65, Issue 4, 16 February 2017,







Comparative Analysis of Single-Cell RNA Sequencing Methods Ziegenhain et. al, Molecular Cell Volume 65, Issue 4, 16 Feb 2017

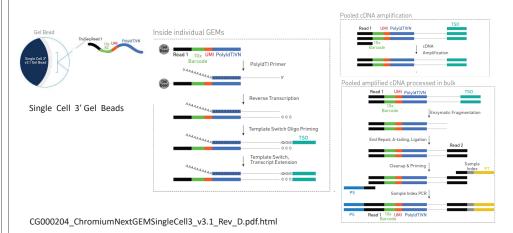






#### Single Cell Digital Gene Expression Remove Oil 000 10x Barcoded Cells Gel Beads Enzyme Single Cell 10x Barcoded cDNA Transcriptional profiling of individual cells • Input: Single cells in suspension + 10x Gel Beads and Reagents • Output: Digital gene expression Cell 5 000 Gene 2.000 profiles from every partitioned cell https://www.10xgenomics.com/videos/training-modules/

#### **Chromium Single Cell 3' Reagent Kit**

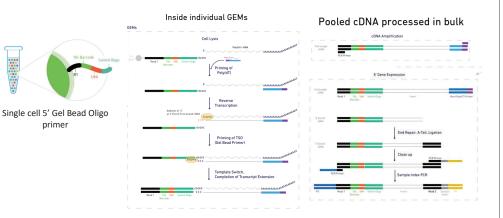








### Chromium™ Single Cell V(D)J Libraries 5' Gene expression

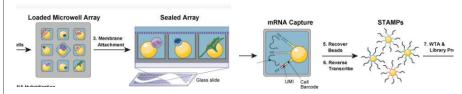


https://teichlab.github.io/scg\_lib\_structs/data/CG000109\_AssayConfiguration\_VDJ\_RevD.pdf

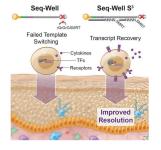




#### Seq-Well Second-Strand Synthesis (S3)



https://shaleklab.com/resource/seq-well/

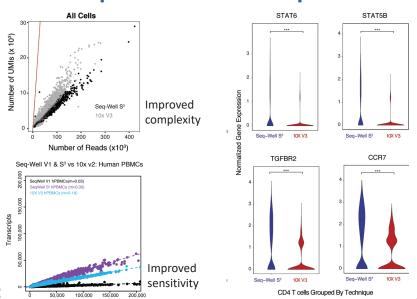


Second-Strand Synthesis-Based Massively Parallel scRNA-Seq Reveals Cellular States and Molecular Features of Human Inflammatory Skin Pathologies *Immunity Vol 53, Issue 4, 13 October 2020* Hughes, Wadsworth, Love, Shalek *et. al* 





### Comparison of Seq-Well S<sup>3</sup> to other to Seq-Well v1 and 10x 3prime v2



Immunity Vol 53, Issue 4, 13 October 2020 Hughes, Wadsworth, Love, Shalek et. al



- Three prime bias
  - -i.e. 3 prime versus 5 prime 10x genomics kits
- Gene coverage
  - i.e. Seq-Well S3 versus Seq-Well v1 and 10x genomics
- Sensitivity





#### **Experimental design**

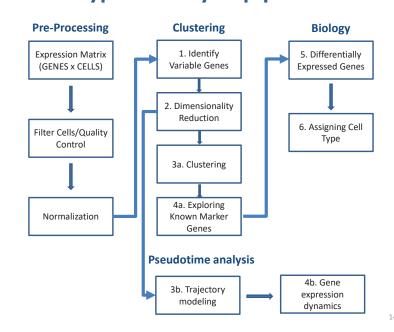
- Process your samples in a way that the conditions can not be confounded with a batch effects, like processing date, facility, or reagents used.
  - i.e. If you have to process your cells in several batches, each batch should contain an equal number of cells from each condition.
- Minimized processing time.
- For certain cell types, i.e. neurons, other techniques like single cell nuclei may be more appropriate.
- Number of reads required.
- Number of cells vs. coverage for each cell.







#### Typical analysis pipeline



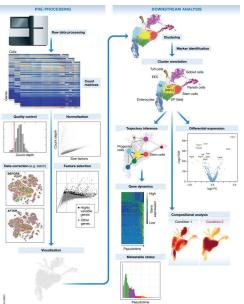


#### **Technical challenges**

- Data is noisy due to
  - cDNA amplification bias
  - mRNA capture efficiency
  - Large number of genes with 0 counts due to limiting mRNA. Zero expression doesn't mean the gene isn't on.
- Cells can change or die during isolation.

Review Open Access | Published: 07 February 2020 Eleven grand challenges in single-cell data science David Lähnemann, Johannes Köster, ... Alexander Schönhuth → Show authors Genome Biology 21, Article number: 31 (2020) | Cite this article 75k Accesses | 227 Citations | 286 Altmetric | Metrics





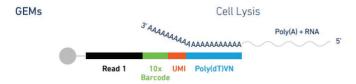
Current best practices in single-cell RNA-seq analysis: a tutorial Mol Syst Biol, Volume: 15, Issue: 6, First published: 19 June 2019







### Preprocessing for technologies using Unique Molecular Identifiers (UMIs)



- Demultiplexing: assign all the reads with the same cell barcode to the same cell.
- Remove PCR duplicates: if several reads have the same UMI and map to the same location in the genome, keep only one.
  - Cell ranger software for 10x data (run by the genome technology core)
  - Drop-seq tools for drop-seq and seq-well data

https://www.10xgenomics.com/videos/training-modules/



#### **Demultiplexing and counting 10x data**

#### Cell Ranger™ Pipelines



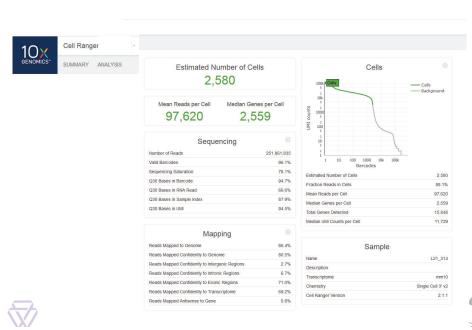
Pipeline	Functionality
cellranger mkfastq	Barcode-aware demultiplexing from BCL to FASTQ
cellranger count	<ul> <li>Read-level analysis of a single library         <ul> <li>Transcriptome alignment with STAR</li> <li>Barcode processing</li> <li>Gene counting</li> </ul> </li> <li>Produces gene/cell matrix</li> <li>Produces expression analysis and static visualizations</li> <li>Produces .cloupe file for Loupe™ Cell Browser</li> </ul>



https://www.10xgenomics.com/videos/training-modules/ 18



#### **CellRanger web summary**







- Seurat
- Monocle
- Scanpy
- Destiny, scvelo
- See https://github.com/seandavi/awesome-single-cell

Review | Open Access | Published: 29 October 2021

Over 1000 tools reveal trends in the single-cell RNAseq analysis landscape

Luke Zappia & Fabian J. Theis

Genome Biology 22, Article number: 301 (2021) | Cite this article

6925 Accesses | 86 Altmetric | Metrics





#### **Seurat**

#### https://satijalab.org/seurat/

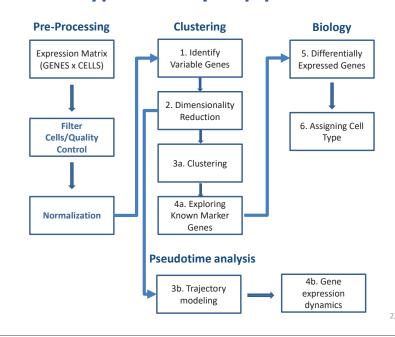
- Seurat is an R package designed for QC, analysis, and exploration of single cell RNA-seq data.
- Developed and by the Satija Lab at the New York Genome Center.
- It is well maintained and well documented.
- It has a built in function to read 10x Genomics data. It can de-multiplex hash tag data.
- It has implemented most of the steps needed in common analyses.







#### Typical analysis pipeline



#### **Quality control and filtering**

- Quality control
  - Number of reads per cell
  - Number of genes detected per cell
  - Proportion of transcript counts deriving from the mitochondria
- Remove cells with poor quality
  - Filter out cells with percentage of transcript counts deriving from the mitochondria higher than a cut off
  - Filter out cells with less than a lower threshold on the number of genes or counts per cell
- Remove doublets (two cells captured with one bead in the droplet)
  - Filter out cells with more than an upper threshold on the number of genes or counts per cell in your data
  - More sophisticated way of removing doublets
    - https://github.com/JonathanShor/DoubletDetection
    - https://github.com/AllonKleinLab/scrublet
    - https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2405471219300730?via%3Dihub

#### **Normalization**

Correct for sequencing depth (i.e. library size) of each cell so we can compare across cells

- 1. Normalize gene levels for each cell by total expression
- 2. Multiply by a scale factor (i.e. 10,000).
- 3. Log transform the scaled counts

This is the log normalization implemented in Seurat



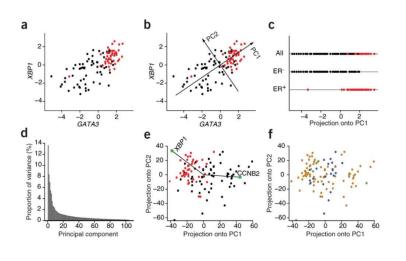


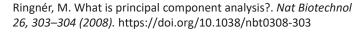




#### **Typical analysis pipeline Biology Pre-Processing** Clustering **Expression Matrix** 1. Identify 5. Differentially Variable Genes (GENES x CELLS) **Expressed Genes** 2. Dimensionality Reduction 6. Assigning Cell Filter Cells/Quality Type Control 3a. Clustering 4a. Exploring Normalization Known Marker Genes **Pseudotime analysis** 4b. Gene 3b. Trajectory expression modeling dynamics

#### **Visualization: Principal Component Analysis**







#### Other dimensionality reduction methods

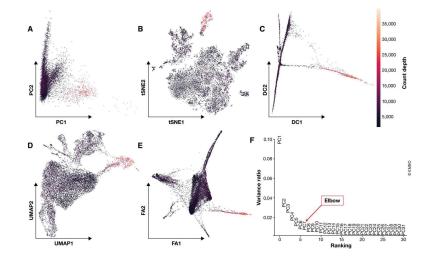
Cells in 20000 (genes)
dimensional space

PCA
Cells in 10-50 principal
components space

How can we further summarize these multiple PCAs into just 2 dimensions?

Cells in 10-50 principal components space tSNE, UMAP, other Cells in 2D space

#### **Visualization: dimensionality reduction**



Current best practices in single-cell RNA-seq analysis: a tutorial Mol Syst Biol, Volume: 15, Issue: 6, First published: 19 June 2019









#### t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor **Embedding (tSNE)**

- Takes a set of points in a high-dimensional space and finds a faithful representation of those points in a lower-dimensional space, typically the 2D plane.
- The algorithm is **non-linear** and adapts to the underlying data, performing different transformations on different regions.
- The t-SNE algorithm adapts its notion of "distance" to regional density variations in the data set. As a result, it naturally expands dense clusters, and contracts sparse ones, evening out cluster sizes.
- Distances between clusters might not be biologically meaningful.



https://distill.pub/2016/misread-tsne/







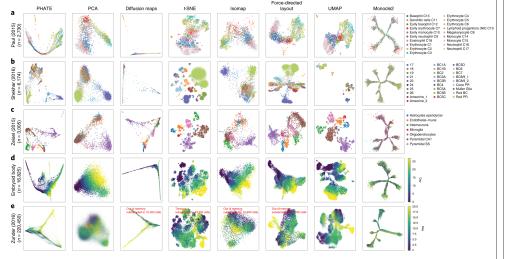
#### Uniform manifold approximation and projection

- It is a non linear dimensionality reduction algorithm.
- Preserves the local structure but also the global structure and the continuity of the cell subsets better.
- See PMID: 30531897 for comparison of tSNE and UMAP.



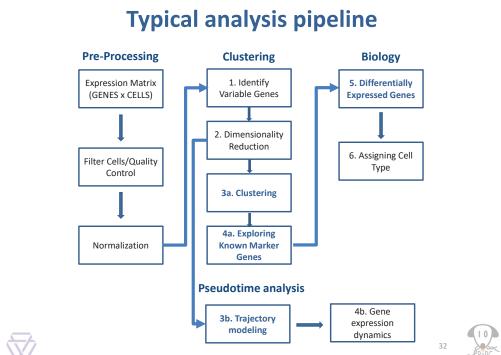


#### Comparison of visualization methods on biological datasets



Moon, K.R., van Dijk, D., Wang, Z. et al. Visualizing structure and transitions in high-

dimensional biological data. Nat Biotechnol 37, 1482-1492 (2019).





### Clustering and Biology: What do you want to learn from the experiment?

- Classify cells and discover new cell populations (i.e. Louvain algorithm)
- Compare gene expression between different cell populations
- Reconstruct developmental 'trajectories' to reveal cell fate decisions of distinct cell subpopulations

### Differential expression analysis between clusters

- Finds marker genes that will help determine the identity of the clusters.
- Since the expression data used to find the clusters and the markers is the same, the P-values are inflated and can lead to an overestimation of marker genes.
- The ranking of genes based on P-values is unaffected and it is a better way of selecting marker genes.

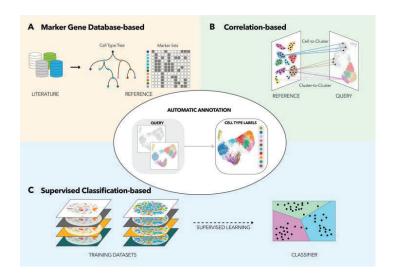








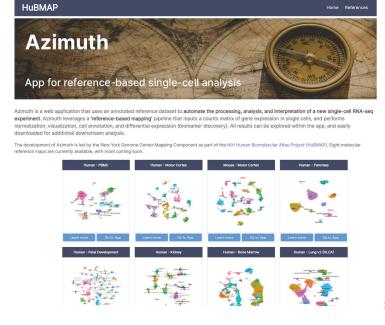
#### **Cell type annotation**



l 0 BaRC

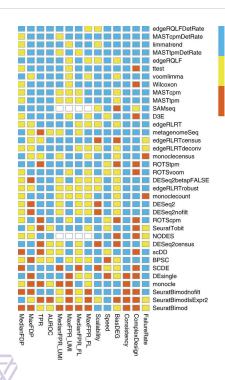


#### **Cell type annotation: Azimuth**









# Differential expression analysis between conditions

Soneson, C., Robinson, M. Bias, robustness and scalability in single-cell differential expression analysis. Nat Methods 15, 255–261 (2018). https://doi.org/10.1038/nme th.4612

Recommended: pseudo bulk

#### BaR

#### **Clustering and Biology:**

What do you want to learn from the experiment?

- Classify cells and discover new cell populations
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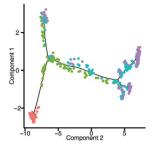


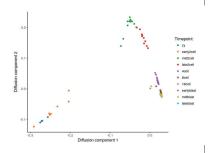


### Reconstructing 'trajectories' Pseudotime analysis

Applicable when studying a process where cells change continuously. For example cell differentiation during development, or cell response to a stimulus.

- Monocle
- TSCAN
- Slicer
- Slingshot
- Diffusion maps
- ✓ Scanpy (python)
- ✓ destiny (R)
- PHATE





#### **Integrating datasets**

Dataset integration: removing batch effects

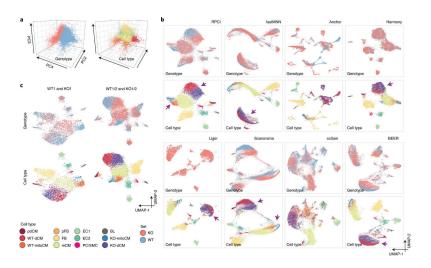
- R packages like Combat can be used for this (https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/sva/versions/3.20.0/topics/ComBat)
- CCA in Seurat. Cell 177, 1888-1902 (2019) Link to SOP
- Harmony. Nature Methods 16, 1289-1296 (2019) Link to SOP
- LIGER. Nature Biotechnology 37, 1873–1887 (2019)
- SAUCIE Exploring single-cell data with deep multitasking neural networks.
   Nature Methods 16, 1139–1145 (2019).
- See "Dealing with confounders" section of the "Analysis of single cell RNA-seq data" course (Hemberg Group).
- Tran, H.T.N., Ang, K.S., Chevrier, M. et al. A benchmark of batch-effect correction methods for single-cell RNA sequencing data. Genome Biol 21, 12 (2020).







#### **Integrating datasets**

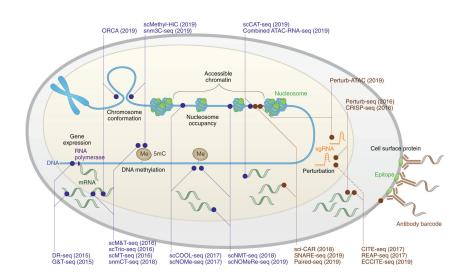


Liu, Y., Wang, T., Zhou, B. et al. Robust integration of multiple single-cell RNA sequencing datasets using a single reference space. Nat Biotechnol 39, 877-884 (2021).





#### **Multimodal analysis**



Zhu, C., Preissl, S. & Ren, B. Single-cell multimodal omics: the power of many. Nat Methods 17, 11-14 (2020).





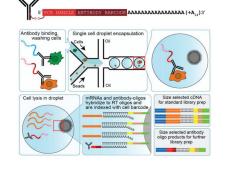
#### **Example of multimodal analysis**

Measuring transcriptomes and cell-surface proteins

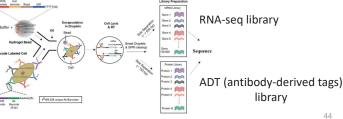
- The simultaneous measurements of transcriptomes and cell-surface proteins from the same cell.
- CITE-seq : cellular indexing of transcriptomes and epitopes by sequencing.

#### **CITE-seq**

Cellular indexing of transcriptomes and epitopes by sequencing



Choi JR, Yong KW, Choi JY, Cowie AC. Single-Cell RNA Sequencing and Its Combination with Protein and DNA Analyses. Cells. 2020; 9(5):1130.



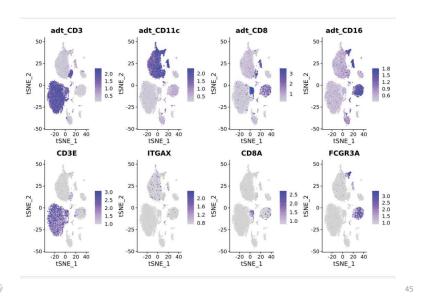


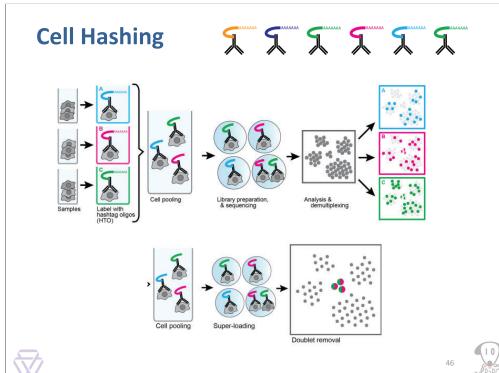




#### CITE-seq

Cellular indexing of transcriptomes and epitopes by sequencing





#### **Analysis Demo**

- Goal:
  - To walk you through an example analysis of scRNA-seq data.
    - · Exploring the data
    - · Performing quality control
    - Identifying cell type subsets.
  - To introduce you to scRNA-seq analysis using the Seurat package.
- We will be analyzing the a dataset of Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Cells (NSCLC) freely available from 10X Genomics (https://support.10xgenomics.com/single-cellvdj/datasets/2.2.0/vdj\_v1\_hs\_nsclc\_5gex)

#### Links to Seurat tutorials

- Single cell day LINK
- https://satijalab.org/seurat/vignettes.html
- https://scrnaseqcourse.cog.sanger.ac.uk/website/seuratchapter.html
- Analysis, visualization, and integration of spatial datasets with Seurat









#### Links to Scanpy tutorials

- https://icb-scanpy.readthedocshosted.com/en/stable/tutorials.html
- https://github.com/theislab/single-celltutorial/blob/master/supplementary scripts/Splatter -marker-genes-random-data.ipynb
- https://github.com/theislab/single-celltutorial/blob/master/latest notebook/Casestudy Mouse-intestinal-epithelium 1906.ipynb









- A practical guide to single-cell RNAsequencing for biomedical research and clinical applications. PMID: 28821273
- Current best practices in single-cell RNA-seq analysis: a tutorial. PMID: 31217225
- "Analysis of single cell RNA-seq data" course (Hemberg Group).
- Single cell RNA sequencing NGS Analysis NYU
- 2017/2018 Single Cell RNA Sequencing Analysis Workshop (UCD,UCB,UCSF)
- seandavi/awesome-single-cell
- Broad Institute single cell portal https://singlecell.broadinstitute.org/single\_cell
- Tabula Muris <a href="https://tabula-muris.ds.czbiohub.org/">https://tabula-muris.ds.czbiohub.org/</a>)
- UCSC Cell Browser <a href="https://cells.ucsc.edu">https://cells.ucsc.edu</a>





#### **Upcoming Hot Topics**

April 7th

Genome browsers

April

Dimensionality reduction

(2 sessions)

May

ChIP-seq and ATAC-seq

**Enrichment analysis** 

June

Clustering and heatmaps

http://barc.wi.mit.edu/education/hot\_topics/upcoming/



